

Regional Rail Transformation: Boston-Providence EMU Pilot Update

Fiscal and Management Control Board

May 24, 2021

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Aim of Review

- Summary of feasibility (and levels of risk) for EMU options for the Providence Line that may be available now
 - Issues specific to rolling stock
 - Cost of
 - Infrastructure mitigations
 - Rolling stock modifications
- Also need to consider needs to meet particular delivery timeline:
 - Layover
 - Maintenance facilities
 - Power upgrades to NEC



Background

- EMU RFI was issued January 2020
 - 6 EMU rolling stock manufacturers responded
 - Summary was presented to the Board on June 15th 2020
- MBTA does not currently have EMU specifications
- Typical procurement timeline 5-6 years
 - Consultant onboarding 6-9 months
 - Develop Request for Proposals & performance requirements
 6-9 months
 - Issue RFP to notice to proceed 10–12 months
 - NTP to first trainset delivery is 36-42 months
 - 1 year of testing first trainset before revenue service
 - Production typically 1 trainset per month

- For this assignment reviewed available option orders that may be available for transfer and modification
 - Caltrain version of Stadler KISS Option A
 - An alternative for comparison Bombardier (Alstom) Multilevel III Option B



Summary of Areas of Study

Rolling stock

- Horizontal clearance
 - Causes conflict issues at signals, switches and on curves
- HVAC
 - Heating & cooling requirements
- PTC
 - NEC uses Amtrak standard ACSES
- Track Grade
 - Risk derailing on track which does not meet certain geometry and quality standards without truck modifications
- Interior modifications
- Accessibility
 - Interior clearances
 - Toilets
- Regenerative braking and pantograph operation

Supporting Infrastructure

- Vertical Clearance
 - Bridge & tunnel clearance
 - Access to potential layover and maintenance depots
- Power Distribution System
 - Power demands and distribution system requirements
- Maintenance and Layover requirements
 - Electrified Layover location
 - Service and Inspection (S&I) or Light Maintenance Facility
 - Heavy Maintenance Facility
- Station platforms
 - High or mini-high level platforms
 - Platform versus door height
 - · Gap to platform
 - Low level platforms
 - Door and step height

Compatibility Summary

| Issue | MBTA/Amtrak Requirement | Option A | Option B | |
|------------------------------------|--|----------|----------|----------------------------------|
| Horizontal Clearance | 250' radius Nose: 12'9" Composite curve envelope | (V)(S) | S | Modification key Infrastructure |
| Vertical Clearance | 15'11" (MBTA) | | | V Vehicle |
| Platform high level | 48" | | | S Specification |
| Platform low level | 8" | VI | VI | 3) opcomedium |
| Track Class and Track Quality | Class 1 or above 4:02 E, F & G, Warp 10' ≤ 1.25" | SI | SI | Compatibility issue key |
| Platform edge (horizontal gaps) | ADA regulations – 3" max | V | | Major |
| PTC | ACSES / ITCS | V | | Moderate |
| HVAC temperature range | -18°F - 104°F | V | V | Minor |
| Interior Accessibility | Various ADA, MBTA | V | | ✓ No issues |
| Regenerative braking | Until OCS voltage 27.5kV | | | |

Vertical Clearance Summary

| Issue | Option A | Option B | Further Action / Details | |
|--|----------|----------|---|--|
| Number of high risk bridges/structures | 1 | 0 | Arlington / Tremont St | |
| Number of wire adjustments | 20 | 3 | Assumes Special Reduced Minimum Clearances are granted by Amtrak Assumes surge protection is required for all bridges | |
| Number of bridges requiring additional electrical protection | 3 | 0 | where the minimum clearance cannot be achieve | |

Notes

Assessments based on pre-construction drawings for 1994 Electrification project. Current Amtrak vertical clearance standards are informal and based on MBTA Kawasaki bilevel coach. No actual surveyed bridge/wire height data was available as LiDAR survey data has not yet been processed.

Data for routes to potential yards was not comprehensively available and additional survey work or processing will be required No data available for Signal bridge (mile post 224.05)

Mitigating Schedule Risk

Pilot Step 1

- Service Pattern
 - 2 trains per hour Boston-Providence
- Infrastructure Construction
 - Layover electrification 18-24 months
 - Light Maintenance/S&I Facility 18-24 months
 - Station upgrades 12-18 months
 - Vertical clearance work 6-36 months
- Key Risks
 - Need for more extensive clearance changes to structures/track
 - Need for upgrade works for Electromagnetic Compatibility issues
 - Delays in fleet modification (supply chain/complexity)
 - Environmental approvals for facilities

Pilot Step 2

- Service Pattern
 - Additional frequency or service to Stoughton or Wickford Junction
- Infrastructure Construction
 - Power upgrade 48+ months
 - Additional layover electrification 18-24 months
 - Heavy Maintenance Facility 36+ months
- Key Risks
 - Planning & environmental timescales for power utility upgrades
 - Need for additional upgrade works for EMC issues
 - Factory remobilization and supply chain issues
 - Technology risk for battery modifications

Cost Indications

| | | Option A | Option B | Comments | |
|---------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|
| Pilot Step 1 | Infrastructure cost | \$50m-160m | \$35m-50m | Clearance work, platform modifications, electrif layover, Light Maintenance Facility | |
| | Rolling stock cost | \$225m-270m | \$190m-250m | 5 - 6 EMU Train sets with modifications | |
| | Total | \$275m-430m | \$225m-300m | | |
| Step 2 Increment | Infrastructure cost | \$40m-120m | \$40m-120m | New AC feeder in Boston, additional layover, He Maintenance Solution | |
| | Rolling stock cost | \$30m-45m | \$40m-55m | Potential battery option or additional cars for st trainset option | |
| | Total | \$70m-165m | \$80m-175m | | |
| Total cost | Infrastructure cost | \$90m-280m | \$75m-170m | Costs estimates are planning level estimates only expressed in current prices. | |
| | Rolling stock cost | \$255m-315m | \$230-305m | Estimates are based on comparable projects was appropriate indexation. | |
| | Total | \$345m-595m | \$305-475m | Ranges are based on potential variability in scope not contingency or formal risk analysis | |

Risk Summary

Option A

- Vertical & horizontal clearance issues
- Cost of modifications
- Procurement negotiation
- Federal approval
- Challenge to deliver infrastructure in time (mitigated by step 1)
 - Maintenance facilities
 - Power upgrades to NEC
- Environmental approvals

Option B

- Horizontal (& possibly vertical) clearance issues
- Cost of modifications
- Procurement negotiation
- Pricing risk
- Federal approval
- Some challenge to deliver infrastructure in time to operate step 2
 - Power upgrades to NEC
- Production delays for initial options delay later ones
- Environmental approvals

Conclusion

- Both options require some platform modifications
- Option A
 - Potentially available sooner than other options
 - Modern dedicated EMU design
 - Buy America compliant
 - Potential to add battery for short sections being studied
 - However requires significant modifications
- Option B
 - On similar timeline to starting a procurement now
 - Does not have clearance issues
 - However still requires some modification to platforms
- Pilot (initial step) reduces the risks in either case
- Other options under consideration require all high level boarding and/or a longer procurement timeline





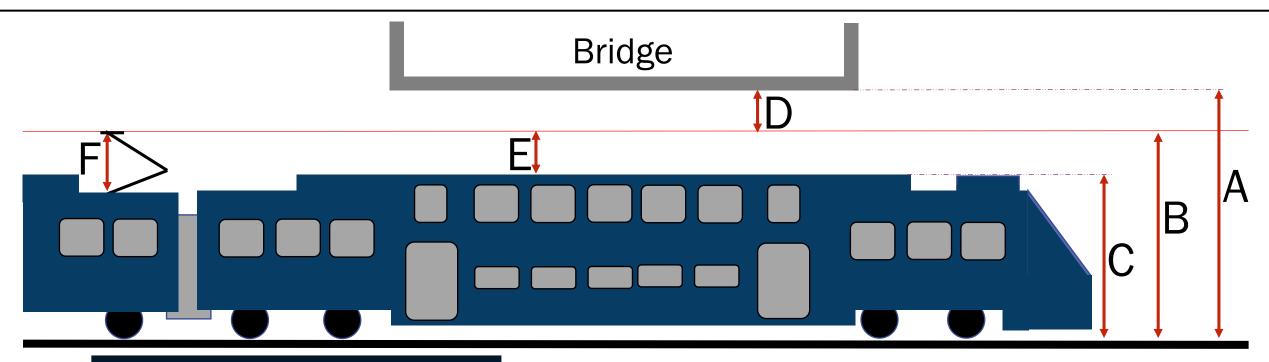
Benefits of the EMU Pilot

- The Pilot will lead to the following benefits, which are currently being quantified:
 - Reduced travel times from a faster more frequent rail service
 - Wider Economic Impacts due to improved synergies
 - Reduced Noise and Air Quality Improvements from newer electric vehicles
 - Improved journey time reliability for customers
 - Reduced Carbon Emissions
 - More cost efficient operation
- High-Level boarding at all stations would:
 - Reduce dwell times,
 - Reduce journey times and reliability
 - Improve safety of passengers and staff (frequent injuries operating traps)
- However, both options have low-level doors, delivering most of the benefits

Compatibility Summary (detailed)

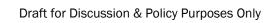
| Issue | MBTA Requirement | Option A | Option B | Mitigation |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Horizontal Clearance | 250' radius Nose: 12'9" Composite curve envelope | 288' radius Nose: 18' 2.5" One excursion of 1.6" static | 240' radius One excursion of 4.4" | Modified specification - 250' limit not needed |
| Vertical Clearance | 15'11" | 16'1" | 14' - 9.83" | Modify wire or lower track |
| Platform high level | 48" | 50.5"high door | 51" high door | Platform Modification |
| Platform low level | 8" | 21.85" low door with retracting step | 19" low door | Platform Modification |
| Track Class and Track Quality | Class 1 4:02 E, F & G Warp 10' ≤ 1.25" | Class 3-7 Compliant when Class 3 and above | Class 3-7 Compliant when Class 3 and above | |
| Platform edge (horizontal gaps) | ADA regulations – 3" max | 4" | 3" | Factory Modification for Option A |
| PTC | ACSES / ITCS | IETMS | ACSES | Factory Modification |
| HVAC temperature range | -18°F - 104°F 100% Humidity | 28°F - 105°F | -12°F - 110°F | Factory Heating Modification |
| Traction Power | 25kV | 25kV | 25kV | |
| Regenerative braking | Until OCS voltage 27.5kV | Operates on NEC. | Operates on NEC. | |

Vertical Clearance Explanation



Key

- A Bridge Soffit Height
- B Contact wire (CW) height above top-of-rail
- C Dynamic train height
- D Contact wire to bridge soffit
- **E** Contact wire to top of train carriage
- F Minimum operable height of pantograph



Horizontal Clearance Summary

| Issue | MBTA Requirement (specification) | Option A | Option B |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Horizontal Gauge | Gauge Clearance Envelope | 1.6" outside envelope (static) | 4.4" outside envelope (static?) [or 3"?] |
| Maximum curvature | 250' radius | 288' radius | 240' radius |
| Maximum 'nose' | 12'9" | 18, 2.5" | Compatible? |

